|  |
| --- |
| **Unit Name:**  **Compare Groups of Objects within 10** |
| **Common Core State Standards:**  **K.CC.4** Understand the relationship between numbers and quantities; connect counting to cardinality.  **a**. When counting objects, say the number names in the standard order, pairing each object  with one and only one number name and each number name with one and only one  object.  **b.** Understand that the last number name said tells the number of objects counted. The  number of objects is the same regardless of their arrangement or the order in which they  were counted.  **c.** Understand that each successive number name refers to a quantity that is one larger.  K**.CC.5** Count to answer “how many?” questions about as many as 20 things arranged in a line, a rectangular array, or a circle, or as many as 10 things in a scattered configuration; given a number from 1–20, count out that many objects.  **K.CC.6** Identify whether the number of objects in one group is greater than, less than, or equal to the number of objects in another group, e.g., by using matching and counting strategies. |
| **Essential Vocabulary:**   * Count * Numbers * Zero to Twenty * How many? * Count on * Greater * More * Less * Fewer * Equal * Same Amount * Compare |
| **Unit Overview:**  Counting and cardinality (K.CC.4, K.CC.5) is only taught in Kindergarten. It is important for students to demonstrate mastery in this area, as it is the foundation for future mathematical tasks. Students who are proficient in K.CC.4 will be able to point to one object at a time while counting and keep track of which objects have been counted and not been counted. Students will be able to answer “How many are there?” Students should understand just because the objects are moved around, the amount has stayed the same. Students who are proficient will also understand and model that if they have four and want to go to five, all they need to do is add one more (rather than removing all four and starting over). Students who are proficient in K.CC.5 will be able to use strategies to identify how many (move each object after counting, point to each object as counted, look at the objects without touching or a combination of these strategies). A students who is proficient in K.CC.6 will be able to use strategies to identify which group of objects has more or less (or if the groups are equal). |
| **Strategies/Skills:**  Students are expected to be able to identify how many are in a given set. It is important for students to develop a strategy that makes sense to them. To determine how many are in the set they may:   * Move the object as they count each * Point to one object as counted * Look without touching when counting * Use one counting word for every object touched   Students are expected to be able to identify which of two provided groups have more or less (or if they are equal). To compare sets students will use:   * Matching strategy * Counting strategy * Equal Shares strategy |
| **Video Support:**  Video support can be found on The WCPSS Academics YouTube Channel.   * <http://tinyurl.com/WCPSSAcademicsYouTube> * [ES K Math Comparing Groups of Objects within 10](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dt5PewAy70A) |
| **Additional Resources:**  If you have limited/no internet access, please contact your child’s teacher for hard copies of the resources listed in this document.   * NCDPI Unpacking Document: [Kindergarten Unpacking Document](http://maccss.ncdpi.wikispaces.net/file/view/Unpacking%20K%20July%202013.pdf/443039442/Unpacking%20K%20July%202013.pdf) |